Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2021





Baker Tilly Ottawa LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants 400-301 Moodie Drive Ottawa, ON Canada K2H 9C4

T: +1 613.820.8010 **F:** +1 613.820.0465

ottawa@bakertilly.ca www.bakertilly.ca

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Algonquin Opportunity (No.2) Corporation

<u>Opinion</u>

We have audited the financial statements of Algonquin Opportunity (No.2) Corporation (the "company") which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the statements of retained earnings, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Baker Tilly Ottanen LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants July 15, 2021 Ottawa, Ontario

Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2021 (with 2020 figures for comparison)

				<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Current: Cash in bank Deposits Investments (Note 11) Accounts receivable Accrued investment interest Due from Ministry of Aboriginal Due from Algonquin Opportunity Income taxes receivable (Note 12	v (No.1) Corp		\$	3,800,430 1,100 758,363 255,406 18,917 28,267 - - 4,862,483	\$ 	96,583 1,100 4,100,649 234,656 82,370 11,703 12,270 77,000 4,616,331
Property, plant and equipment:	<u>Cost</u>	Accumulated <u>Amortization</u>				
Vehicles (Note 2 (b)) \$	47,257	\$24,101	\$	23,156	\$	33,080
			\$	4,885,639	\$	4,649,411
<u>LIABILITIE</u> Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued lia Due to Ministry of Aboriginal Af Deferred revenue (Note 7)	bilities	A <u>REHOLDERS' EQ</u> I 0 (b))	<u>UITY (</u>) \$	<u>DEFICIT)</u> 160,701 4,111,772 398,432	\$	78,009 4,161,867 426,466
Due to Algonquin Treaty Negotia Due to AOO Realty (Rockcliffe) Government remittances payable			\$	187,268 403,816 <u>19,854</u> 5,281,843	 \$	97,375 213,816 <u>34,328</u> 5,011,861
Long term liability: CEBA loan payable (Note 14)			\$ \$	30,000	\$	-
Total liabilities			\$	5,311,843	\$	5,011,861
Shareholders' equity (deficit): Capital: Common shares: Authorized - unlimited comm Issued - 100 common shares Deficit			\$	10 (426,214)	\$	10 (362,460)
Approved on behalf of the Board:	Rus	ZIC Mal	\$ \$	(426,204) 4,885,639	\$ \$	<u>(362,450</u>) <u>4,649,411</u>

(See accompanying notes)

//////

Statement of Deficit

For the year ended 31 March 2021 (with 2020 figures for comparison)

	<u>2021</u>			<u>2020</u>		
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$	(362,460)	\$	(153,070)		
Net loss for the year		(63,754)		(209,390)		
Balance at the end of the year	\$	(426,214)	\$	(362,460)		

(See accompanying notes)

Statement of Operations

For the year ended 31 March 2021 (with 2020 figures for comparison)

	<u>2</u>	021	2020	
Negotiation Operations - Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust Funding	\$	<u>818,948</u>	\$	608,411
Expenses: Interest and bank charges Lease (Note 9) Salaries and benefits	\$	611 125,051 693,286	\$	1,211 124,405 482,795
	\$ <u></u>	818,948	\$ <u> </u>	608,411
Operating income from Negotiation Operations	\$ <u></u>		\$ <u> </u>	
New Relationship Funding - Core Funding	\$	383,564	\$ <u></u>	342,003
Expenses: Administration costs Consultants and professional fees Community outreach events and travel Salaries and benefits	\$	32,493 60,565 25,582 264,924	\$	33,002 48,451 18,276 242,274
	\$	383,564	\$ <u></u>	342,003
Operating income from New Relationship Funding - Core Funding	\$	-	\$	-
Funding from individual programs	\$	907,703	\$ <u> </u>	741,523
Expenses: Expenses relating to individual programs	\$	906,853	\$	741,523
Operating income from individual programs	\$	850	\$	
Implementation funding - interest income	\$	75,809	\$ <u></u>	105,329
Expenses: Accounting Property tax study Transfer (from) to due to Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs	\$	18,645 107,260 (50,096)	\$	14,158 - 161,867
	\$	75,809	\$	176,025
Operating loss from Implementation Funding	\$	-	\$	(70,696)
Other income (expenses): Accounting, audit and legal Amortization of vehicles Legal expenses CEBA loan forgiveness (Note 14)	\$	(16,527) (9,924) (49,122) <u>10,000</u>	\$	(14,177) (161,154)
	\$	(65,573)	\$ <u> </u>	(175,331)
Loss before income taxes Income taxes recoverable	\$	(64,723) 969	\$	(246,027) 36,637
Net loss for the year	\$	(63,754)	\$	(209,390)

(See accompanying notes)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 March 2021 (with 2020 figures for comparison)

		<u>2021</u>		2020	
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢	((2,754))	¢	(200, 200)	
Net loss for the year Add amortization which does not involve cash	\$	(63,754) 9,924	\$	(209,390) 14,177	
Add antoruzation which does not involve easi		<i>),</i> /2 1		14,177	
	\$	(53,830)	\$	(195,213)	
Net change in non cash working capital balances related					
to operations:				(114.000)	
- decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(20,750)		(114,233)	
- decrease (increase) in accrued investment interest		63,453		(54,811)	
- decrease (increase) in income taxes receivable		77,000		(77,000)	
- decrease (increase) in due from Ministry of Aboriginal		(1)			
Affairs		(16,564)		-	
- decrease (increase) in due from Algonquin Opportunity					
(No. 1) Corporation		12,270		-	
- increase (decrease) in due to Algonquin Treaty		00.000			
Negotiation Funding Trust		89,893		(22,861)	
- increase (decrease) in due to AOO Realty (Rockcliffe) Inc.		190,000		-	
- decrease (increase) in CEBA loan payable		30,000 (14,474)		-	
- increase (decrease) in government remittances payable				15,701	
- increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued					
liabilities		82,692		(59,022)	
- increase (decrease) in income taxes payable		-		(38,511)	
- increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		(28,034)		132,150	
- increase (decrease) in amount due to Ministry of Aboriginal					
Affairs		(50,095)		156,510	
Cash flows from (used for) operating activities	\$ <u></u>	361,561	\$ <u> </u>	(257,290)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	\$	361,561	\$	(257,290)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	Ŷ	4,197,232	Ŷ	4,454,522	
	¢		¢		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$	4,558,793	\$	4,197,232	
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:					
Cash in bank	\$	3,800,430	\$	96,583	
Investments		758,363		4,100,649	
	\$	4,558,793	\$	4,197,232	
	φ	т,550,795	Ψ	7,177,432	

(See accompanying notes)

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2021

1. NATURE OF THE BUSINESS

The company was incorporated 26 March 2009 under the laws of Ontario and its operations consist of providing certain administration activities to the Algonquins of Ontario treaty settlement.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises which are part of Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and include the following significant accounting policies:

a) Basis of accounting:

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue; expenses are recognized in the period goods or services are acquired and a liability is incurred or transfers are due.

b) Vehicles:

Equipment is accounted for at cost and amortized on the basis of their useful life using the following method and rate:

Vehicles

30% declining balance basis

Additions during the year are not amortized until year following purchase.

c) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future. Significant estimates include amortization.

d) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and in bank and investments due no greater than five months (2020 - fifteen months) from the date of acquisition or that are cashable on demand.

e) Income taxes:

The company uses the income taxes payable method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, the company reports as an expense (income) of the period only the cost (benefit) of current income taxes determined in accordance with the rate established by taxation authorities.

f) Revenue recognition:

Government funding and transfers from Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust are recognized at the time expenses are incurred.

g) Financial instruments:

Where not disclosed, the carrying amount of the company's financial instruments, being cash in bank, deposits, investments, accounts receivable, accrued investment interest, due from Algonquin Opportunity (No.1) Corporation, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust, due to AOO Realty (Rockcliffe) Inc. and Canada Emergency Business Account loan payable, approximates their fair values, except where fair values are not readily obtainable. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the company is not exposed to significant interest rate, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2021

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Risks and concentrations:

The following analysis provides a measure of the company's risk exposure at the balance sheet date, 31 March 2021.

The company is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments, without being exposed to concentration of risk.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with the financial liabilities. The company is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs, due to AOO Realty (Rockcliffe) Inc. and Canada Emergency Business Account loan payable.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The company is exposed to this risk mainly in respect to accounts receivable.

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk; currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The company is not exposed to any significant market risks.

4. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The company is dependent on various sources of revenue from the Government of Canada and Province of Ontario and the Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust for 100% of its revenue.

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Algonquin Opportunity (No. 2) Corporation, Algonquin Opportunity (No. 1) Corporation and AOO Realty (Rockcliffe) Inc. are 100% owned by Algonquins of Ontario Opportunities Trust.

The Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust provides funding to cover costs associated with operations of the Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust operating within Algonquin Opportunity (No. 2) Corporation. All transactions with related parties were in the normal course of business and recorded at exchange value.

The amount due to Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust is interest free and has no specific repayment terms.

The amount due from Algonquin Opportunity (No.1) Corporation is interest free and has no specific repayment terms.

The amount due to AOO Realty (Rockcliffe) Inc. consists of funds advanced for a specific matter being addressed by the Corporation with the funds being advanced on an interest free basis and has no specific repayment terms.

6. CONSOLIDATION

The financial statements are consolidated with Algonquin Treaty Negotiation Funding Trust for reporting purposes under the funding programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2021

7. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue relates to funds received for work not yet commenced at year end.

	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year Additions during the year (net of funds utilized	\$ 426,466	\$	294,317
in operations)	 (28,034)		132,149
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 398,432	<u>\$</u>	426,466

8. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's financial statement presentation.

9. LEASE

The lease relates to premises to accommodate the negotiations activities. The lease obligation is based on annual payments in 2021 - \$ 125,051 (2020 - \$ 124,405) inclusive of monthly allowance for realty taxes which will be reconciled on an annual basis, payable monthly and is with Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation with the lease expiring on 31 May 2021. The lease has been extended for an additional three years.

10. DUE FROM (TO) MINISTRY OF ABORIGINAL AFFAIRS

- a) Amount due from Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs consists of a balance due under the New Relationship Core Funding program for 2020 - 2021.
- b) Amont due to Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs consists of advance funding under Implementation Funding Agreement of 2021 - \$ 4,000,000 (2020 - \$ 4,000,000) plus net interest income to date in 2021 - \$ 111,772 (2020 - \$ 161,867).
- c) Implementation Funding Agreement:

Amount is interest free and is to provide implementation funds to the Algonquins of Ontario (AOO) to assist them in implementing the Final Settlement Agreement. The value of funds at the signing date of the Final Settlement Agreement to the extent not repaid to Ontario or to the extent Ontario relinquishes its right of repayment, shall be credited to Ontario as part of its contribution to the AOO and set off against amounts payable by Ontario to the AOO under an Implementation Plan Fund Agreement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 March 2021

11. INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of Guaranteed Investment Certificates as follows:	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current:		
Bank of Nova Scotia, non-redeemable, 3.15% matured 9 July 2020	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
Bank of Nova Scotia, non-redeemable, 2.25% matured 24 February 2021	-	758,363
Bank of Nova Scotia, cashable, 1.9% matured 24 February 2021	-	583,923
Bank of Nova Scotia, non-redeemable, 2.26% matures 24 August 2021	758,363	758,363
	\$ <u>758,363</u>	\$4,100,649

12. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes recorded in the financial statements differs from the amount which would be obtained by applying the statutory income tax rate of 39.5% to the income for the years as follows:

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Net loss for the year before income taxes	\$ <u> </u>	(64,723)	\$ <u></u>	(246,027)
Anticipated income taxes at statutory rates	\$	25,566	\$	97,181
Non-deductibe expenses		(19,403)		(63,655)
Non-deductible interest		-		(143)
Refundable taxes		-		6,310
Difference in amortization and CCA		(1,764)		(2,520)
Tax reduction (increase) due to differential rate on				
active income		_		(536)
Available loss to be carried back		(4,399)		-
Additional tax recoveries from prior years	_	969	_	
	\$	969	\$	36,637

13. COVID-19

To help contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus and to protect the public, measures have been introduced at various levels of government. The virus and the measures introduced could have a material impact on future operations. The extent of the impact of the COVID-19 virus and the government's response cannot be reliably estimated at this time.

14. CANADA EMERGENCY BUSINESS ACCOUNT LOAN PAYABLE (CEBA)

The loan consists of funds loaned from the Federal Government for COVID-19 relief in the amount of \$ 40,000 with \$ 10,000 of the loan forgiveable. The loan is on an interest free basis with the principal balance not repayable until December 2022.